



Corporate Presentation 2015 Results

April 2015



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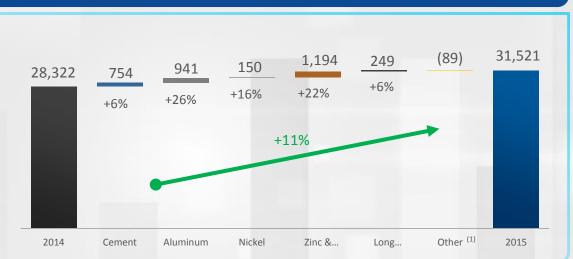
Financial Highlights

Closing Remarks



Consistent results despite the weaker-than-expected Brazilian economic performance





Net Income



Adjusted EBITDA



Highlights

Revenue increased by 11% to R\$31.5 billion, a new record.

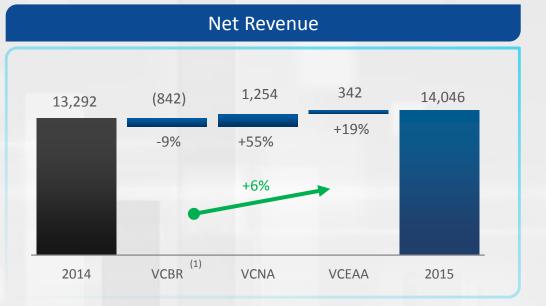
Adjusted EBITDA amounted to R\$6,994 million due to solid results of the overseas operations, extraordinary dividends from Fibria and sale of land assets.

Net income totaled R\$382 million in 2015.



Cement | Results





Adjusted EBITDA 3,549 (848)3,235 78 437 +19% -29% +145% -6% VCBR (1) 2014 **VCNA VCEAA** 2015 Margin 23% 27%

Highlights

Lower sales volume as a consequence of the Brazilian economy downturn in 2015.

Revenue went up mainly due to higher sales volume in USA, Spain and Tunisia along with positive FX impact on the consolidation of the operations abroad.

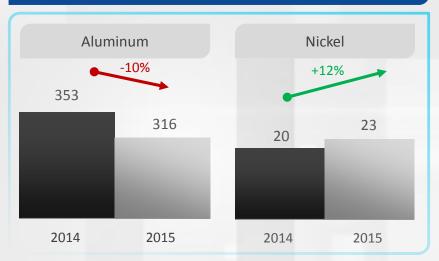
EBITDA decreased mainly due to higher energyrelated costs in Brazil and Tunisia coupled with higher fuel consumption.

1) Includes operations in South America 5

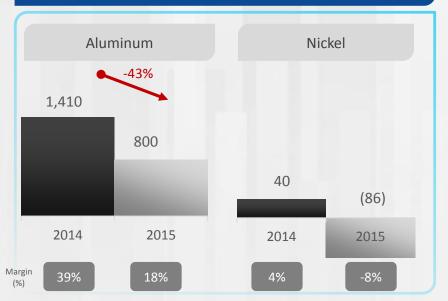


Aluminum & Nickel | Results

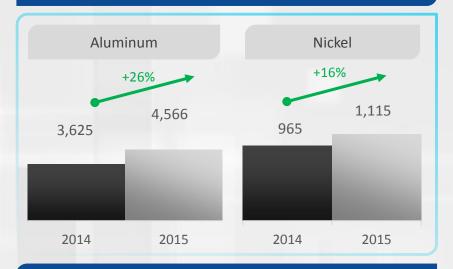
Volume (kton)



Adjusted EBITDA



Net Revenue



Highlights

Aluminum

Lower sales volume mainly due to the retraction of construction and transportation industries.

Revenues went up as a result of higher prices in BRL and higher revenue from energy.

EBITDA fell by 43% due to the effect of the result of energy auction in 2014.

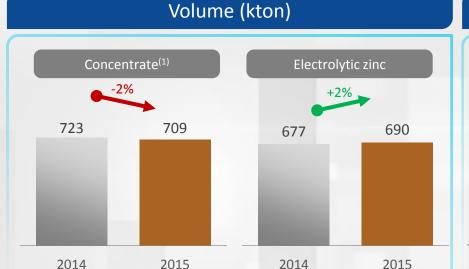
Nickel

Revenue improved on the back of higher export sales volume.

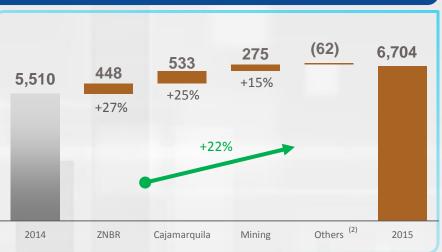
EBITDA was negative at R\$ 86 million as a result of higher consumption of imported nickel concentrate.



Zinc & Byproducts | Results







Adjusted EBITDA



Highlights

Revenue and EBITDA increased driven by higher zinc prices in BRL, increased sales volume in Brazil and positive FX impact on the consolidation of our foreign operations.

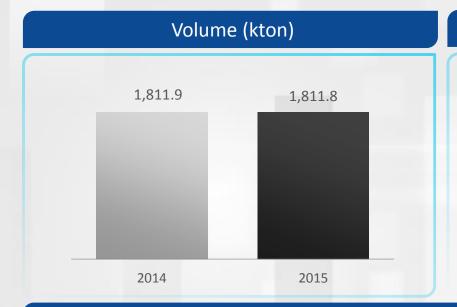
For further information on Milpo, please visit milpo.com/ir

(2) Includes USZinc and eliminations

⁽¹⁾ Includes zinc, copper and lead



Long Steel | Results





Adjusted EBITDA



Highlights

Brazil - Revenue decreased as a result of lower demand especially in construction sector. Higher energy costs negatively impacted EBITDA.

Argentina - Revenue improved due to higher prices. EBITDA went up as a result of the devaluation of the Argentine peso against the U.S. dollar.

Colombia - Revenue went up mainly due to higher prices and volumes in the construction sector. EBITDA increased impacted by lower payroll expenses and lower met coal prices.



Pulp | Results⁽¹⁾



million, 91% up on 2014

2015

2014

(2) Net Debt/EBITDA in US\$

For further information, please visit fibria.com/ir

⁽¹⁾ Fibria's figures @ 100% (VID has a 29.4% equity participation in Fibria)





Business Performance

Financial Highlights

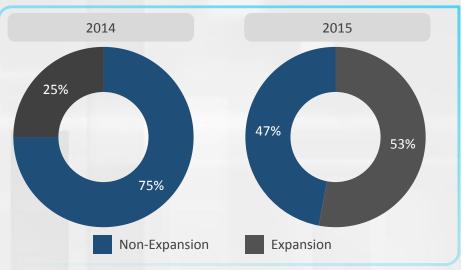
Closing Remarks



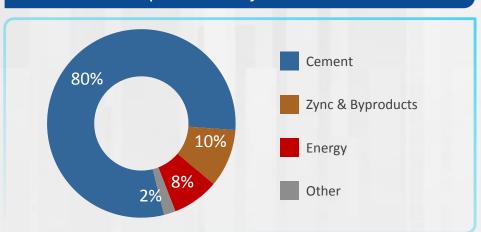
Decision to increase investments



Capex Breakdown



Expansion Projects - 2015



Highlights

Cement accounted for 80% of expansion projects:

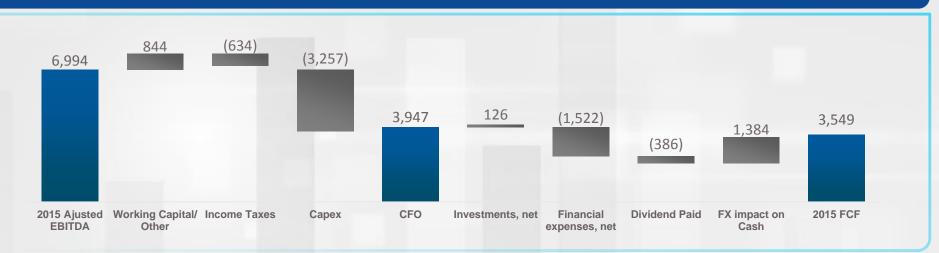
Edealina (Brazil) - R\$363 mm Primavera (Brazil) - R\$298 mm Itacamba (Bolivia) - R\$257 mm

Ventos do Piauí: 7 wind farms with installed capacity of 206MW and total investment of R\$1.1 billion with start-up in 2018



Cash flows





Cash Flow

2014 2015 FCF FCF 3,549 1,629 2014 2015

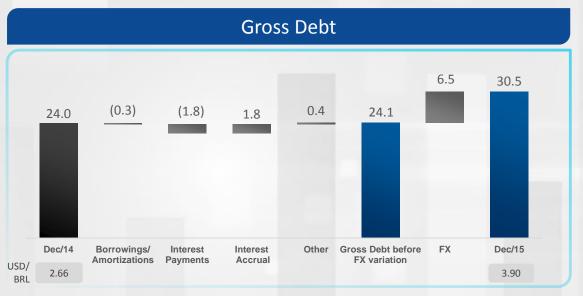
Highlights

CFO decreased due to higher tax payments along with increased expansion Capex, partially offset by a working capital divestment

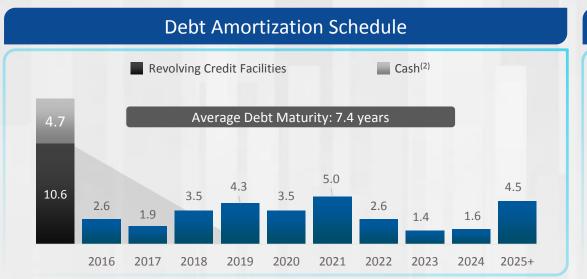
FCF improved as a result of lower expenses with bonds repurchases coupled with lower dividend payments



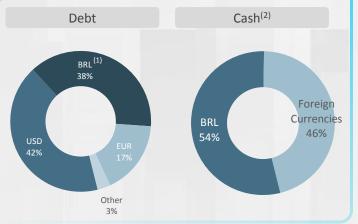
Robust liquidity position and smooth amortization schedule







Breakdown by currency



- (1) 4131 bilateral loan considered as BRL due to the cross-currency swap
- (2) Includes cash, cash equivalents and financial investments





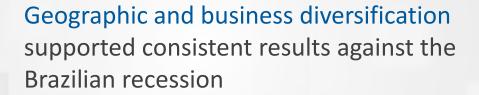
Business Performance

Financial Highlights

Closing Remarks



Closing Remarks



Strategic investments in progress, including 7 wind farms

Efficient financial management prepared for market volatility

Commitment to financial deleveraging against an adverse scenario