

Votorantim

CORPORATE PRESENTATION 2016 RESULTS

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EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is a non-GAAP financial measure not recognized by the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) calculated by Votorantim in accordance with its financial statements and consists of the net profit, adding the expenses of current and deferred income tax and social contribution, the net financial result and the expenses with depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA consists of non-recurrent items, or items with or without direct impact on the Votorantim's cash, in a way to best reflect this measure, such as: capitalized financial obligations, merge and acquisition operations and dividends received. Adjusted EBITDA is not a financial measure of performance, according to the applicable accounting rules in Brazil, or by the IFRS, issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) and should not be considered as an alternative to other financial measures, such as the Votorantim's operational cash flow, or as a liquidity measure.



Votorantim

JOÃO MIRANDA CEO Votorantim S.A.

GLOBAL - 2016 HIGHLIGHTS

The lowest GDP in USA since 2011

1.6%

Source: United States Department of Commerce

Source: Eurostat

Increase in metals average prices

Source: London Metals Exchange

12%

Modest growth in Europe since 2013

1.7%

Stable Chinese GDP since 2002

6.7%

Source: National Bureau of Statistics of China



GEOPOLITICAL CONCERNS

BREXIT, IMMIGRATION WAVES AND NORTH AMERICAN ELECTIONS

BRAZIL - 2016 HIGHLIGHTS

Inflation above target

6.3%

Source: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE)

Decline in GDP accumulated in the last 2 years, largest recession in Brazil's history

Source: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE)

-7.3%

Higher unemployment rate

12%

Source: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE)

Strengthening of the BRL

(US\$1.00 - R\$3.90 in Dec/15 and R\$3.26 in Dec/16)



POLITICAL CONCERNS

IMPEACHMENT, SPENDING CAP AND ANTI-CORRUPTION PROBES

BRAZILIAN MARKET - OUTLOOK

Inflation forecast at the center of the official target

4.36%

GDP forecast

0.47%

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

The highest Consumer Confidence Index since Dec/14

Source: Getulio Vargas Foundation (FGV)

85pts

Interest rate decrease (SELIC) – since Jul/16

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

1.25p.p.

The highest Entrepreneur Confidence Index since Jan/14

Source: National Confederation of Industry

53pts

Structural reforms approval: Fiscal and Social security



VOTORANTIM & BRAZILIAN MARKET

Investee companies are resilient, but were affected by the severe Brazilian recession.

Good results from operations abroad were not enough to avoid the decrease in consolidated EBITDA in 2016.

Maintenance of financial health, with high liquidity and extended debt profile.

Usual **prudence** in conducting the businesses.

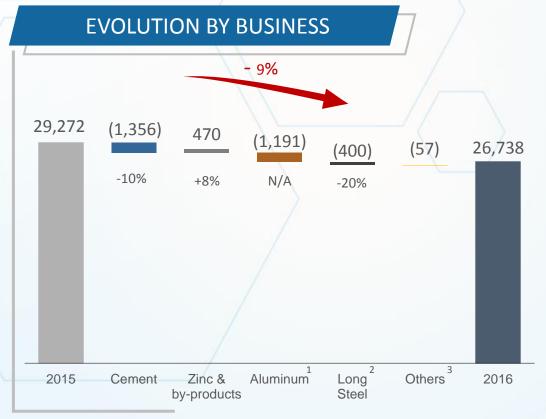
Government that has been able to **accelerate the reforms discussions** with the Congress.

2017 will be a **challenging year for the Brazilian economy**, but it is expected to be the inflection point of the curve.

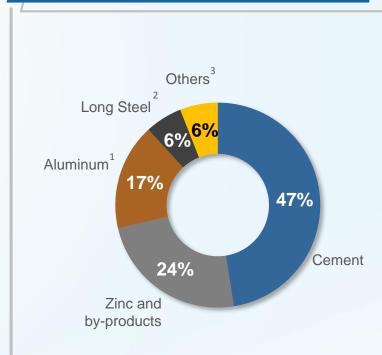


CONSOLIDATED NET REVENUES

(R\$ MILLION)



REVENUE BY BUSINESS

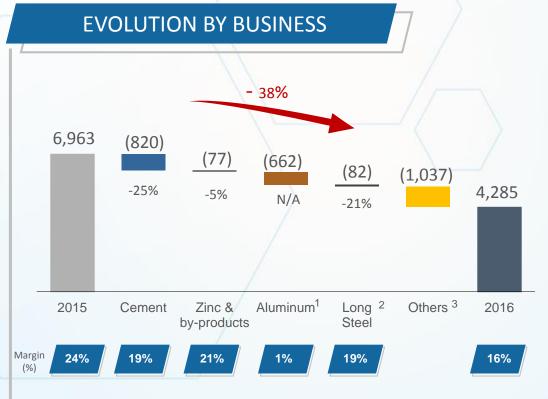


- The economic retraction in Brazil has affected cement and aluminum sectors.
- Increase in metals average price.
- Results from operations abroad have mitigated the impacts suffered by the operations in Brazil.
- Results from operations abroad positively contributed on the consolidation.

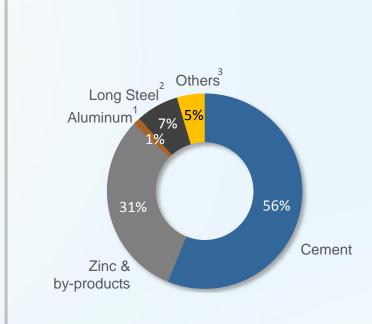
- . Results from Nickel operations were incorporated to the Aluminum segment.
- 2. Includes Argentina and Colombia.
- Energy segment, Holding and Eliminations.

CONSOLIDATED ADJUSTED EBITDA

(R\$ MILLION)



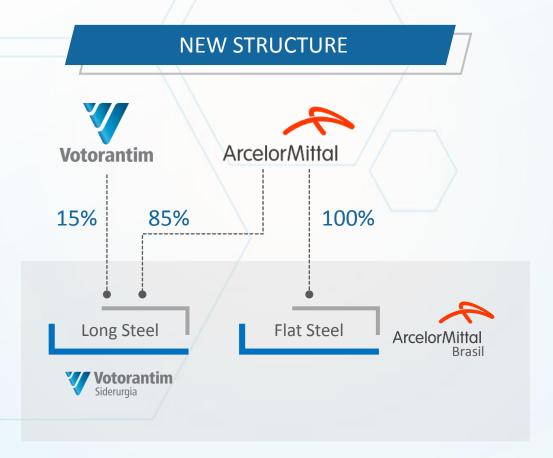
EBITDA BY BUSINESS



- EBITDA impacted by the deterioration of the Brazilian economy.
- Excluding the extraordinary dividends from Fibria and the asset's sale in 2015, the decrease in EBITDA would have been 27%.
- 65% of the EBITDA came from the operations abroad.

- 1. Results from Nickel operations were incorporated to the Aluminum segment.
- 2. Includes Argentina and Colombia.
- Energy segment, Holding and Eliminations.

LONG STEEL BRAZIL⁽¹⁾ BUSINESSES COMBINATION



CONSIDERATIONS

Steel sector under pressure

- High idle capacity in the world.
- Reduction of demand in the Brazilian Market.
- New players in Brazil.
- Price drop in recent years.

Businesses combination

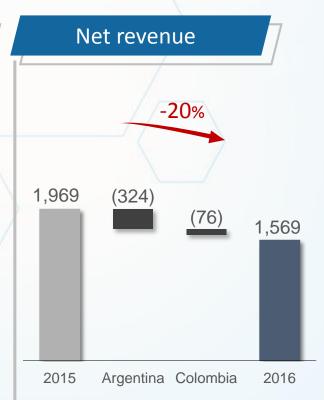
- Cost, logistics and operational synergies are expected with the new structure.
- The agreement is subject to regulatory approvals in Brazil, including the approval of the Administrative Council for Economic Defense (CADE).

^{1.} The results from Votorantim Siderurgia Brasil were not considered in Votorantim S.A.'s financial statements.

LONG STEEL - ARGENTINA AND COLOMBIA RESULTS

(R\$ MILLION)



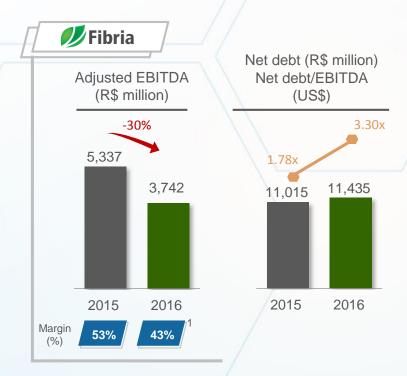




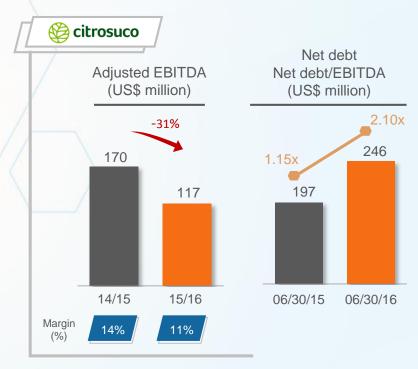
- The long steel operations in Brazil were classified as "available for sale" in 2016.
- The depreciation of the Colombian and Argentine peso in the year in relation to the Brazilian real had a negative effect on the consolidated results.
- Argentina: Adjustment measures taken by the new government and the review of infrastructure projects resulted in a decrease in the construction sector.
- Colombia: Lower sales volumes due to the reduction of constructions from the infrastructure program.

OTHER INVESTEE COMPANIES

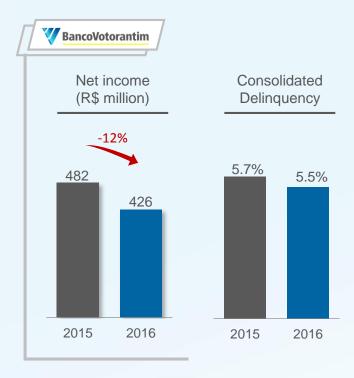
RECOGNIZED BY EQUITY METHOD



- Net income of R\$1.7 billion in 2016, an increase of 366% compared to 2015.
- Project Horizonte 2 (H2): 87% physically complete. This project has 100% of its funding already contracted.



- Climatic adversities in Brazil affected the harvest.
- Production bellow the expected in Florida.
- The decrease in inventory levels caused the increase in FCOJ's price in the last quarter of the harvest.



- Leadership in the used cars auto financing market.
- Profit for the 13th consecutive quarter confirms the consistency of results.
- Comfortable position for the Basel Ratio: 15.1% - higher than the minimum capital requirement, which is 10.5%.

^{1.} Calculation excludes pulp sales from agreement with Klabin



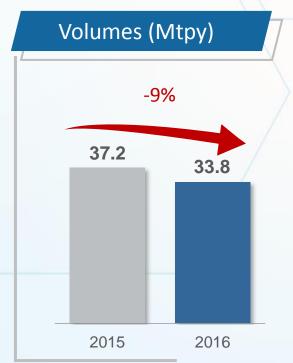
Votorantim

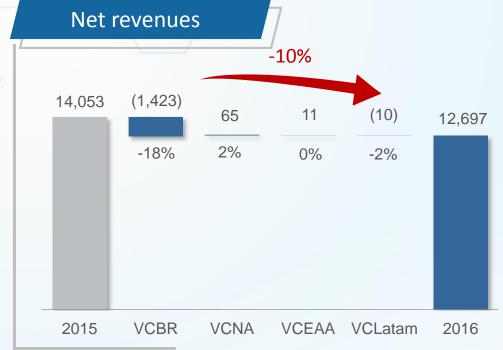
LORIVAL LUZ
CFO & IRO Votorantim Cimentos

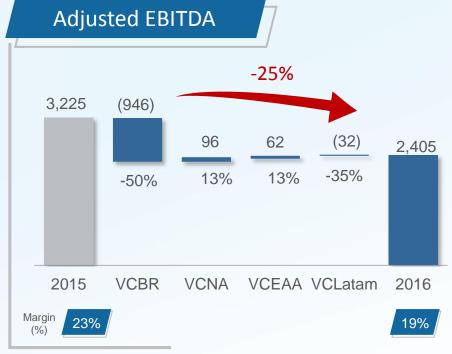
GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSIFICATION AND OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY TO OVERCOME CHALLENGING SCENARIO IN BRAZIL

(R\$ MILLION)

- Brazilian operations impacted by economy recession: 11.7 % decrease in volumes YoY according to SNIC
- Higher prices and cement consumption growth in the US on the back of economic rebound
- Robust operational performance in VCEAA arising from lower costs and higher volumes in Morocco, Spain and Tunisia

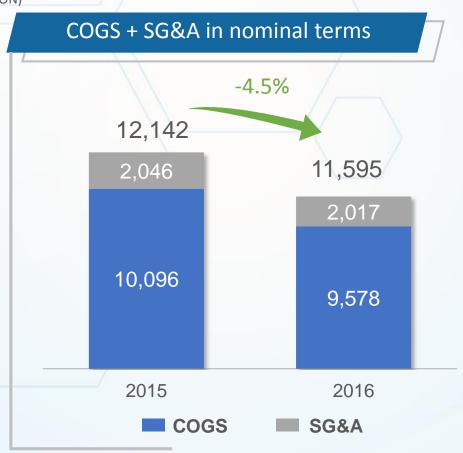






FOCUS ON OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY AND COST SAVINGS IN ALL REGIONS

(R\$ MILLION)



Highlight

R\$ 574 mm¹ cost savings in 2016 due to initiatives implemented in all regions, such as:

- Zero-based budgeting
- Optimization of discretionary expenses
- Rightsizing in Brazil and China to adapt to current cement demand

R\$ 917 mm¹ in savings since 2014 offsetting 17.6% inflation in Brazil in the period

^{1.} Savings in real terms excluding FX impacts in 2016

ECONOMIC RECESSION WITHOUT PRECEDENT IN BRAZIL IMPACTING CEMENT MARKET DEMAND



VCBR

- 3.6% GDP decrease and 11.7% cement sales reduction YoY (SNIC) impacted 2016 results
- Cost savings partially offset the impacts of construction market deterioration
- R\$ 310 mm of Zero-based budgeting savings¹ in Brazil in 2016
- CAPEX and working capital discipline
- Focus on operational efficiency and better positioned for market rebound

VCLatam

 Start-up of cement plant in Yacuces, Bolivia on time and on budget added 1.0 million tons in December, totaling 1.2 million tons/year

VCBR (R\$ mm)

6,373	965	763
Net revenues	EBITDA	Capex

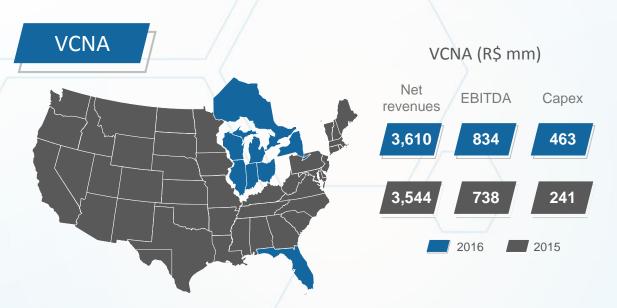
7,796	1,912		1,099	
		_		

VCLatam (R\$ mm)

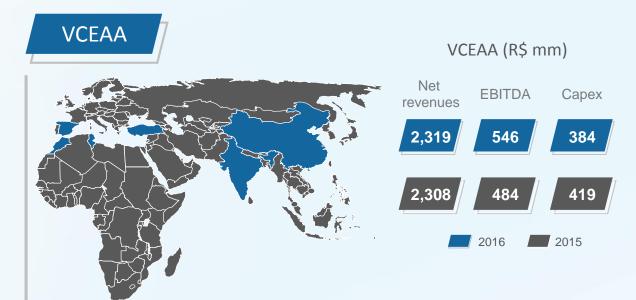


2016 **2**015

STRONG GROWTH IN THE CONSTRUCTION SECTOR IN THE US AND ROBUST OPERATION PERFORMANCE IN ALL VCEAA REGIONS



- Construction spending increased 4.5% in the US, with 7.8% growth in private non-residential construction¹
- Higher prices and productivity reflected in 33%² higher EBITDA YoY in USD
- 1.9% and 10.1% increase in cement consumption in Great Lakes and Florida, respectively³



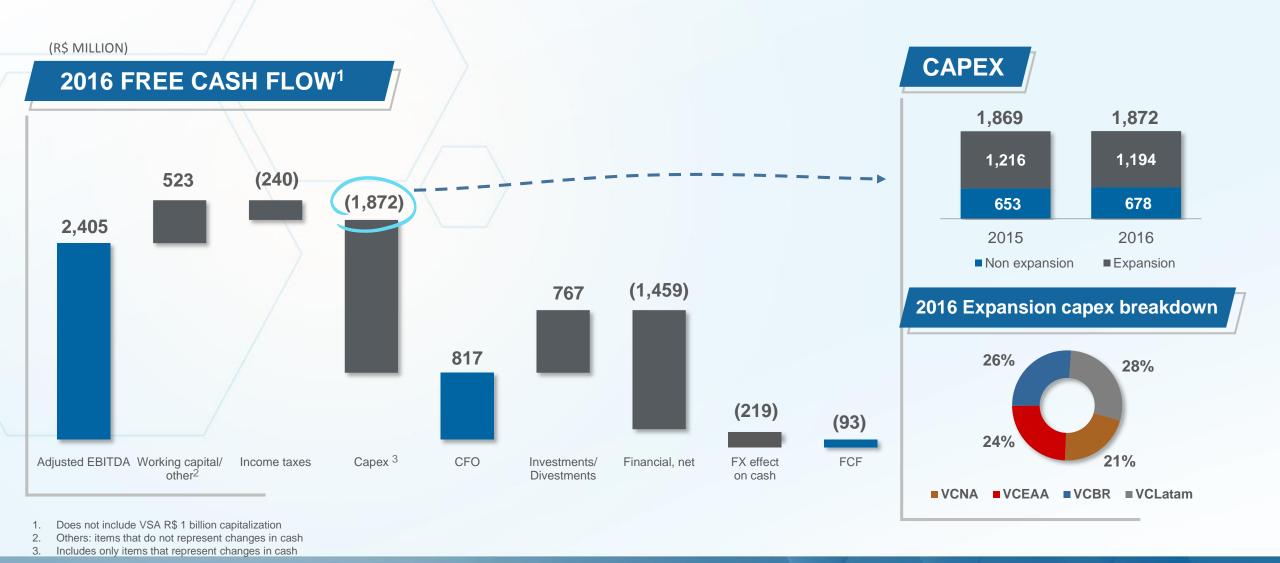
- Volume increase in most VCEAA countries and higher prices in Morocco and Tunisia
- EBITDA 6% higher in EUR YoY supported by robust operational performance and effective cost management measures in all regions
- Lower fuel and power costs driving cash generation
- China rightsizing measures contributing to consolidated results

^{1.} According to US Census Bureau

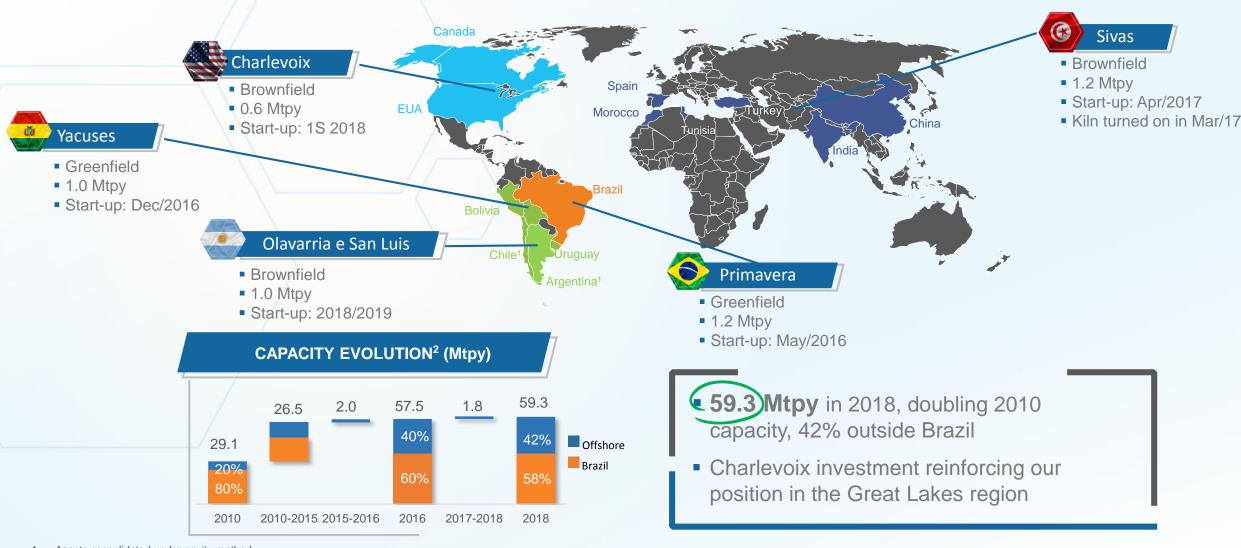
Excluding 2015 non recurring items, such as sale of assets

^{3.} According to PCA

CONSISTENT OPERATIONAL CASH GENERATION, WORKING CAPITAL DISCIPLINE AND NON CORE ASSET DIVESTMENTS TO SUPPORT EXPANSION PLAN IN ALL REGIONS



LONG TERM STRATEGY: INCREASED CAPACITY TO FURTHER ENHANCE GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSIFICATION



Assets consolidated under equity method

^{2.} Does not include companies consolidated under the equity method

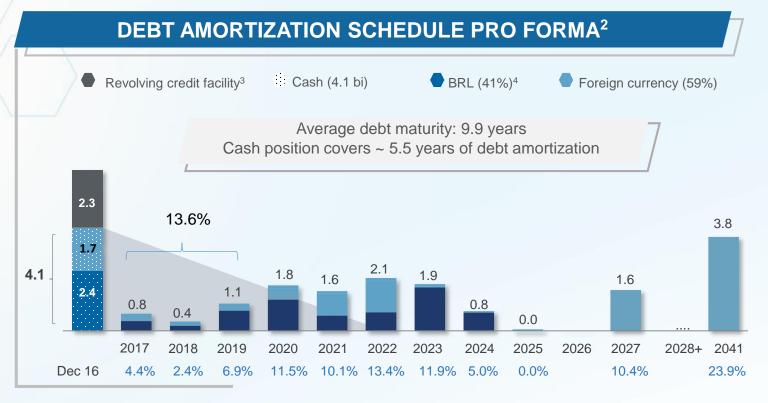
ACTIVE LIABILITY MANAGEMENT PLAN TO MAINTAIN STRONG LIQUIDITY AND COMFORTABLE DEBT PROFILE

(R\$ BILLION)

- R\$ 1.5 bi in gross debt reduction in 2016 given divestments of non-core assets and VSA capitalization.
- 9.9 years average debt maturity with no relevant maturities until 2019

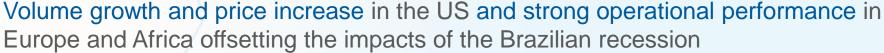
 R\$ 4.1 bn in cash position and R\$ 2.3 bn revolving credit facility maturing in 2020





- Net debt includes MTM from 4131 loans
- 2. As of Dec/16 considering the prepayment of R\$ 150 mm of Debentures Issuance and issuance of R\$ 500 mm debentures maturing in 2022, which is not reflected in the cash position
- 3. VCSA revolving credit facility of USD 700 MM due in 2020. In addition, VCNA has revolving facility of US\$ 230 MM due in 2020
- 4. Includes 4131 as BRL due to cross currency swap

FINAL REMARKS



Undisputable leading position in Brazil and focus on cost efficiency: ready for market rebound

Strategic installed capacity growth since 2010 while maintaining focus on the financial discipline

End of expansion cycle in Brazil, delivery of Bolivia plant and maintenance of investments outside Brazil reinforce long term strategy

Liability management aimed at lengthening debt profile while preserving a strong liquidity position





HIGHLIGHTS AND STRATEGY

Clear strategy and planned execution enabled progress in all long-term goals

- Larger participation in Milpo
 16% remaining free float
- More investments in mineral exploration and expansion projects



- 3rd stage of Atacocha and El Porvenir mines integration completed
- Record production of 334 kt of zinc in Cajamarquilla
- Improved operational stability in our mines and smelters

Consolidated global leadership¹

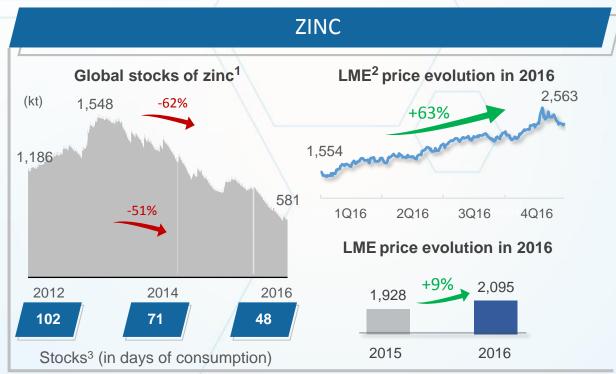
- 4th largest producer of zinc concentrate in the world
- 5th largest producer of slab zinc in the world

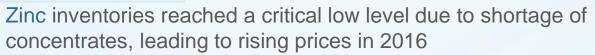
Greater presence in international markets

MARKET FUNDAMENTALS

Price recovery of all Votorantim Metais' products, specially zinc

(US\$/ton)









Low availability of concentrates also raised lead price. However, copper price decreased due to new projects

I. Stocks registered in the London Metal Exchange (LME) and Shanghai Futures Exchange (SHFE)

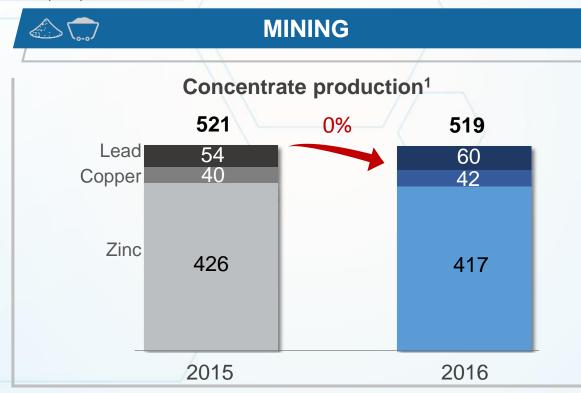
Based on daily prices, as traded in the London Metal Exchange (LME)

^{3.} Total stocks, including registered and unregistered inventories, as reported by Wood Mackenzie

PRODUCTION AND SALES

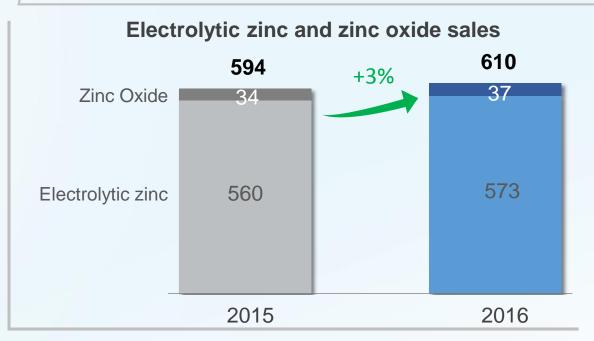
Greater access to international markets ensured higher sales in 2016





Stable concentrate production in 2016, with increase of copper content in Cerro Lindo and lead in Atacocha, compensating the decrease of zinc concentrates

SMELTING



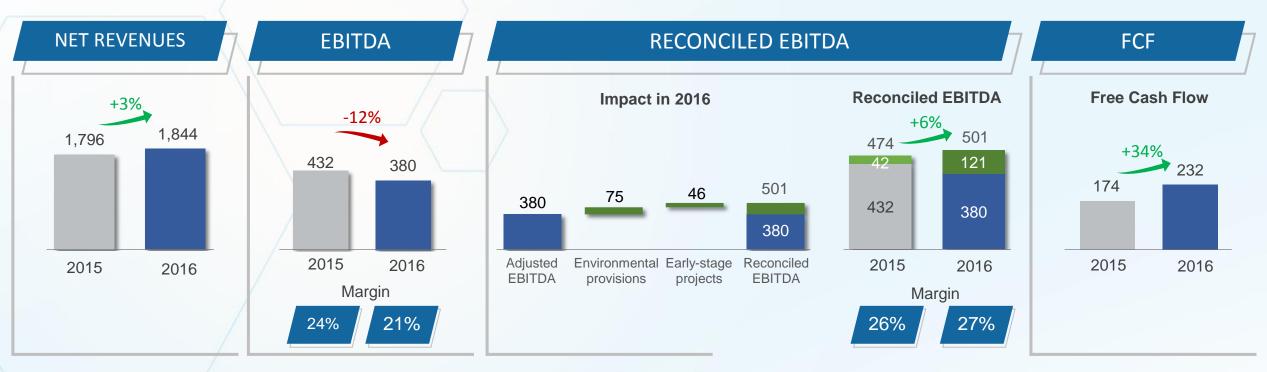
Increase in Brazilian exports of galvanized steel and higher zinc exports to several regions (North America, Latin America, Europe and Asia)

^{1.} In terms of fine content of metal

OPERATIONAL RESULTS

Operational excellence provided better cash generation in a year of strategic adjustments

(US\$ MILLION)



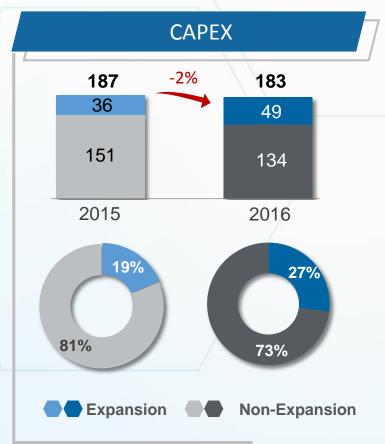
- Higher net revenues and lower production costs allowed strong cash generation
- Main factors that impacted 2016 EBITDA were:
 - (i) Increase in environmental provisions after updates of underlying studies¹
 - (ii) Increase in early-stage projects expenses

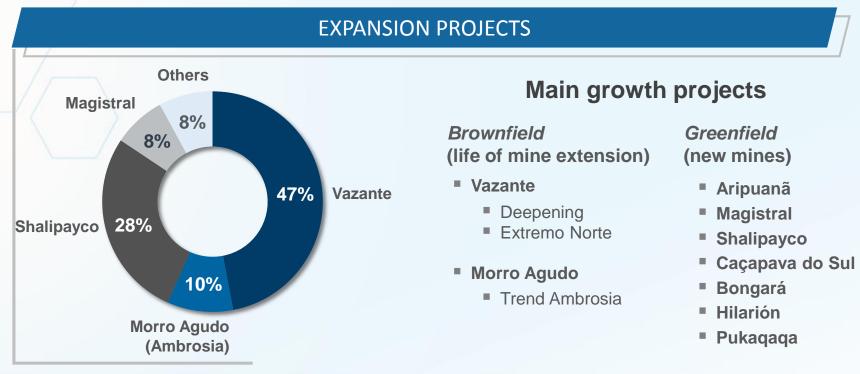
^{1.} Studies conducted by Golder Associates and PRCZ Consultores Associados

INVESTMENTS

Stable level of investments, with greater focus on expansion projects

(US\$ MILLION)





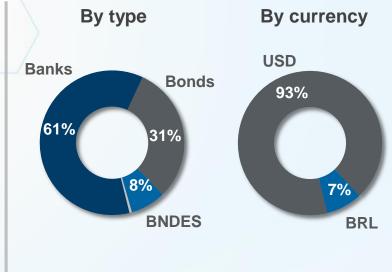
LIQUIDITY AND INDEBTEDNESS

Unleveraged position, with a more stable debt maturity and a strong cash position

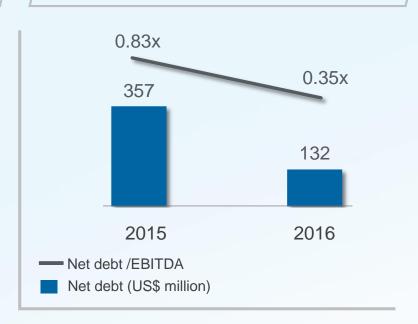
(US\$ MILLION)



DEBT BREAKDOWN

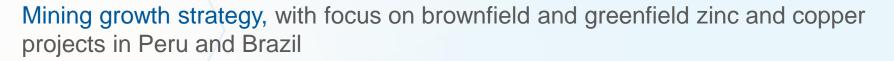


NET DEBT / EBITDA



- Bank debt reprofiling with all guarantees provided within Votorantim Metais' perimeter
- Extension of debt repayment to 2018-2021 span, with an average maturity of 4 years
- Liability management as a permanent practice of debt profile optimization

FINAL REMARKS



Process innovation and cost management to increase productivity in mines and smelters

Initiatives to increase integration: Cerro Pasco Complex and sharing of best practices between Peru and Brazil

Global commercial footprint, with increasing participation in emerging and developed markets

Adequate capital structure envisioned to the company's growth plan, with short term liquidity and long term indebtedness

Growth

Operational Excellence

Market Development



Votorantim

LUCIANO ALVES
Finance General Manager CBA

STRATEGIC POSITIONING

Management redesign in place, getting CBA ready for the Brazilian economic recovery





Refining



Upstream

Competitive in cost and flexible to react to market dynamics

Downstream

Value-added solutions as a way of differentiation





Portfolio Profitability Evaluation effectiveness and portfolio decisions

 Operational excellence, performance improvement and increased productivity

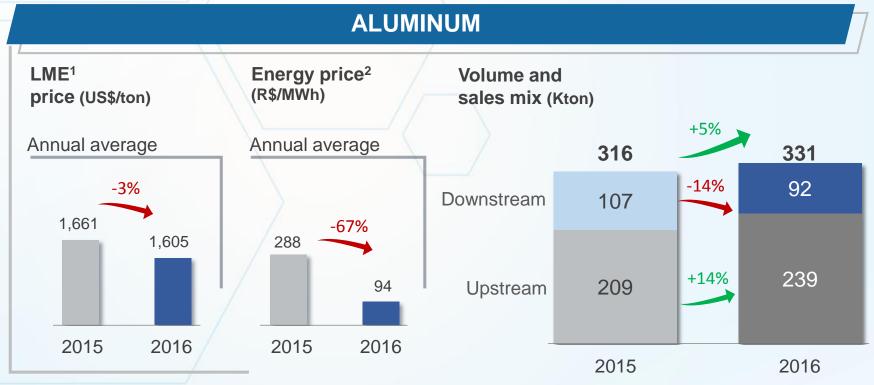
Cost Competitiveness

Companhia Brasileira de Alumínio

Product Innovation

 More than 30 projects in market and product development, and partnership with strategic customers

PRODUCTION AND SALES

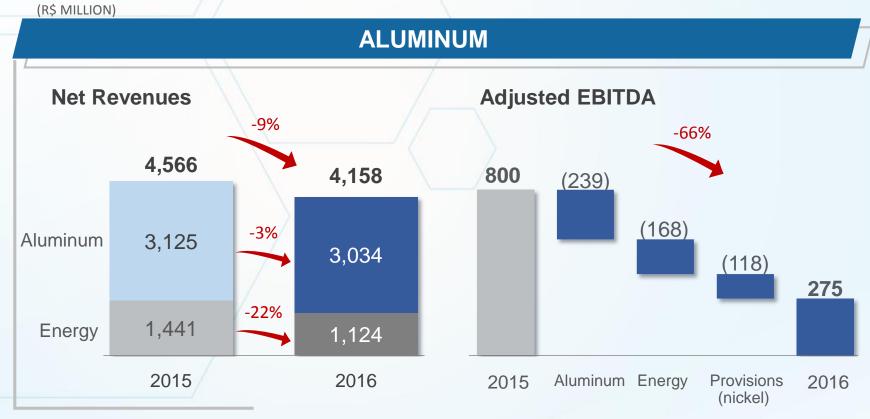


- Overcapacity in the past years still impacts prices negatively. However, more supply control
 measures in China proved to be effective and raised prices by the end of 2016
- Increased aluminum sales with higher share of upstream products
- 1. Based on daily prices, as traded in the London Metal Exchange (LME)
- 2. Energy prices in the Southeast and Midwest regions in Brazil, according to CCEE

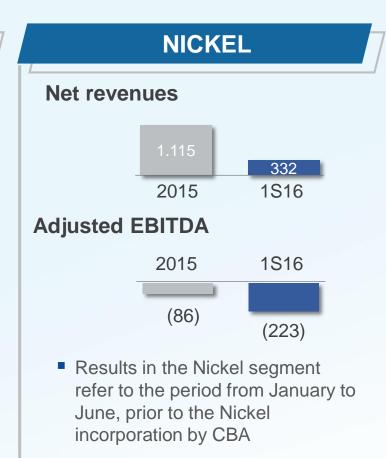


 Adverse market conditions led to the temporary suspension of nickel activities in the first half of 2016

OPERATIONAL RESULTS



- Net revenues negatively impacted by lower electric energy prices
- EBITDA impacted by the change in the aluminum sales mix, the drop in energy sales and provisions related to nickel assets



FINAL REMARKS



Initial signs of recovery in the Brazilian economy have allowed a comeback of value-added aluminum products sales in the domestic market

Energy prices have also increased in the first months of 2017 due to a draught in Brazil, especially the Northeast region

CBA's innovation projects already showing concrete results in 2017, contributing to the EBITDA and the downstream strategy



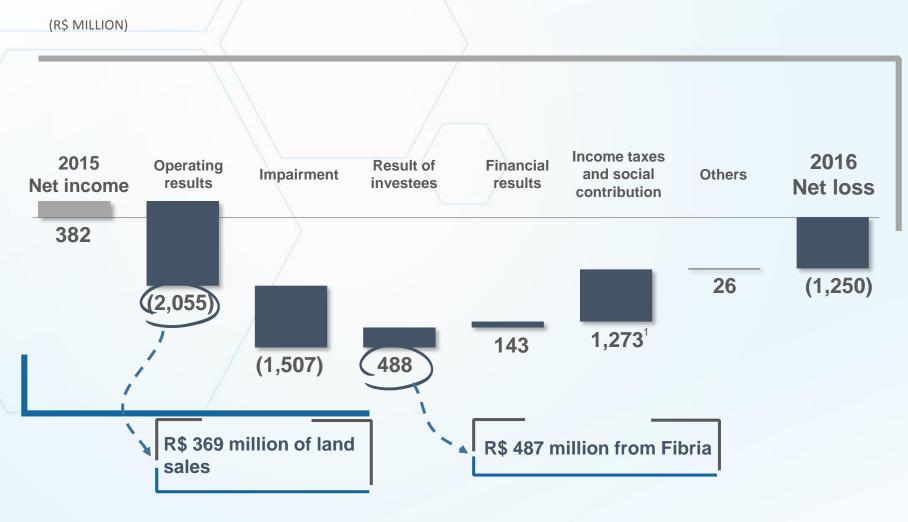




Votorantim

SERGIO MALACRIDA CFO Votorantim S.A

CONSOLIDATED NET RESULT



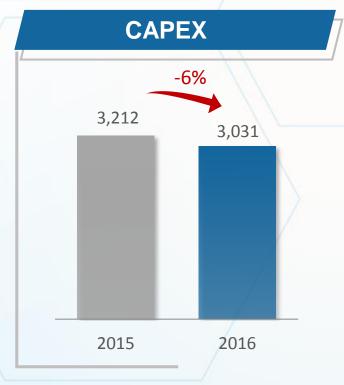
 Higher value of impairment, due to the temporary suspension of Nickel business and the Brazilian long steel asset's classification as "available for sale".

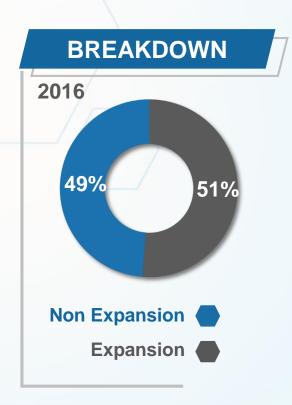
Net loss partially offset by the result of investees, which are the companies recognized by equity method.

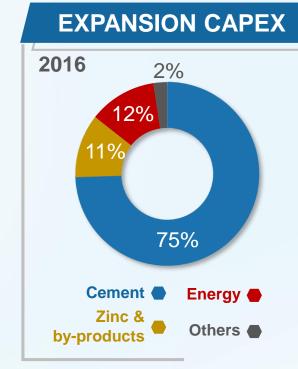
1. Refers mainly to the recognition of tax credit due to the loss before income taxes and social contribution

INVESTMENTS

(R\$ MILLION)



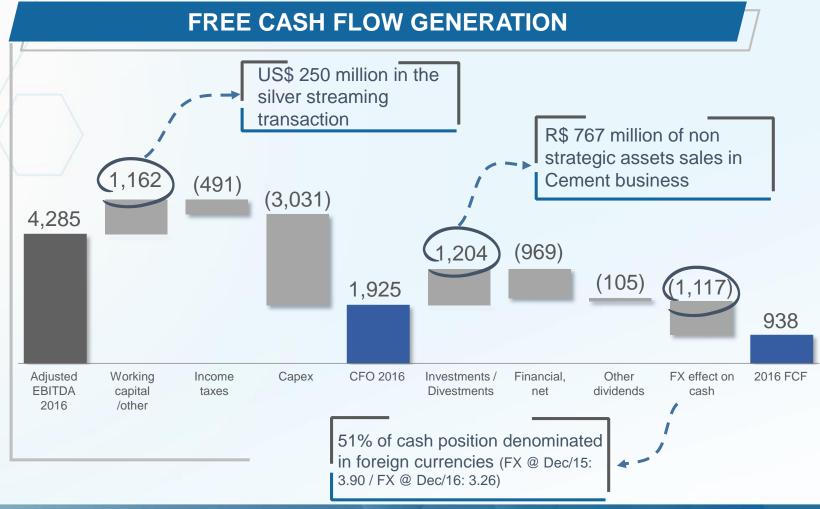




- Cement: conclusion of investments in the new plants in Brazil and Bolivia, as well as investments in Turkey and North America.
- Zinc & by-products business: working life's extension of the zinc mine in Vazante (MG).
- Votorantim Energia's wind power generation project ("Ventos do Piauí").

CASH GENERATION

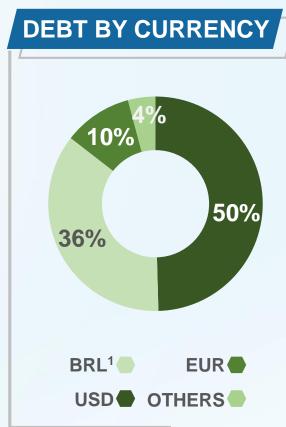


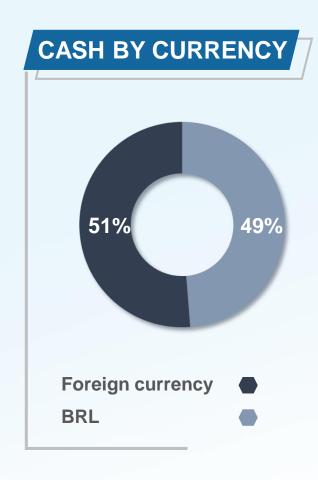


GROSS DEBT REDUCTION

DUE TO THE APPRECIATION OF THE BRAZILIAN REAL AND AMORTIZATIONS



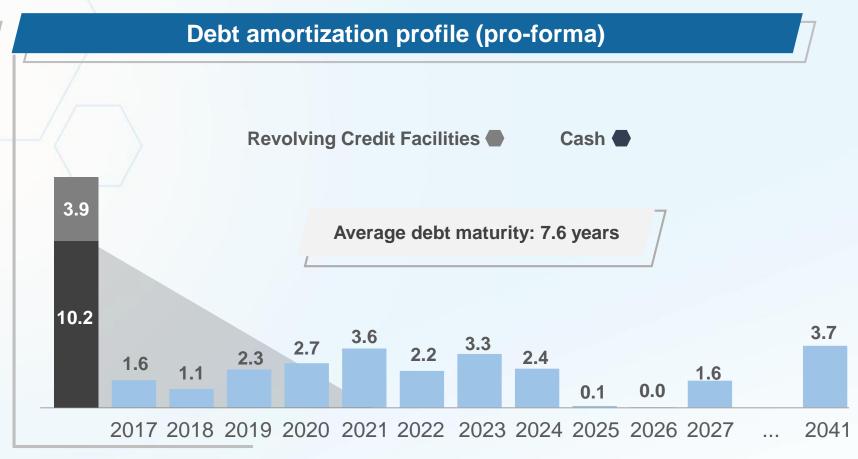




^{1. 4131} bilateral loan considered as BRL due to the cross-currency swap

LIQUIDITY POSITION AND EXTENDED DEBT PROFILE





Votorantim S.A. - RATINGS

In March 2017, Moody's and S&P affirmed Votorantim S.A.'s ratings.

	Moody's investors service	S&P Global Ratings	Fitch Ratings
Rating	Ba2	BB+	BBB-
Outlook	Negative	Negative	Negative
Latest update	Mar/17	Mar/17	Dec/16

"On a consolidated basis, Votorantim's operations have historically showed resilience to commodity prices fluctuations, having posted healthy reported Ebitda margins (in the 20% - 30% range) through the economic cycles, which reflects the relatively low correlation of the different businesses and the cost efficiency of its operations."

Source: Moody's

We believe that the Votorantim group has efficient operations, [...], sizable capacity, dominant position in several markets [...], high brand recognition, as well as a prudent risk management.

Source: S&P



Votorantim

JOÃO MIRANDA CEO Votorantim S.A. "The reforms are being approved. Brazil's perceived country risk has declined. There has been an inflow of direct investments and the financial indicators are improving. These are signs of confidence in the economic policy, which is already beginning to produce results."

Ilan Goldfajn | Central Bank Chief | 03/09/2017

"The first challenge was to exit the crisis, and we are already doing so. The next challenge is to increase **productivity**. The **proposed constitutional amendment (PEC) that establishes a spending cap** and **the reform of the social security system** will have an impact on productivity"

Henrique Meirelles | Brazil's Finance Minister | 03/08/2017

"We are not experiencing a normal economic cycle. It is enmeshed in all these other issues. Normally, in **recessions of this magnitude**, the economy reacts naturally. It is the famous economic cycle. There comes a point when the cycle ends and **recovery** begins. This is happening, to a certain extent, but, since this is not a normal cycle, **recovery is being slower**."

Armínio Fraga | Former Central Bank Chief | 02/06/2017

"The Central Bank of Brazil will accelerate the interest rate cuts. We are now expecting to close the year at 8.5%. This will **certainly stimulate consumption**, **especially in the second half**."

José Roberto Mendonça de Barros | Former Ministry's Secretary of Economic Policy | 03/19/2017